

Hvorfor hænger arbejdsmarkedet og sundhedssystemet ikke (bedre) sammen?

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Center for MUSCLE AND JOINT Health

THE LANCET LOW BACK PAIN SERIES

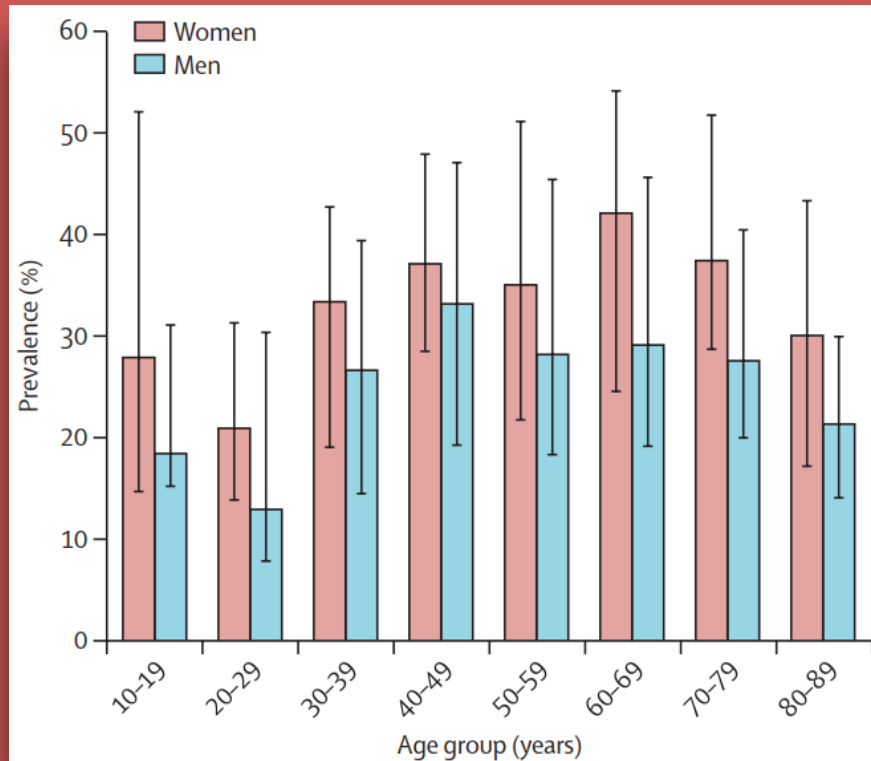
Launch Dates:

March 21st, 2018 - 17:00 GMT

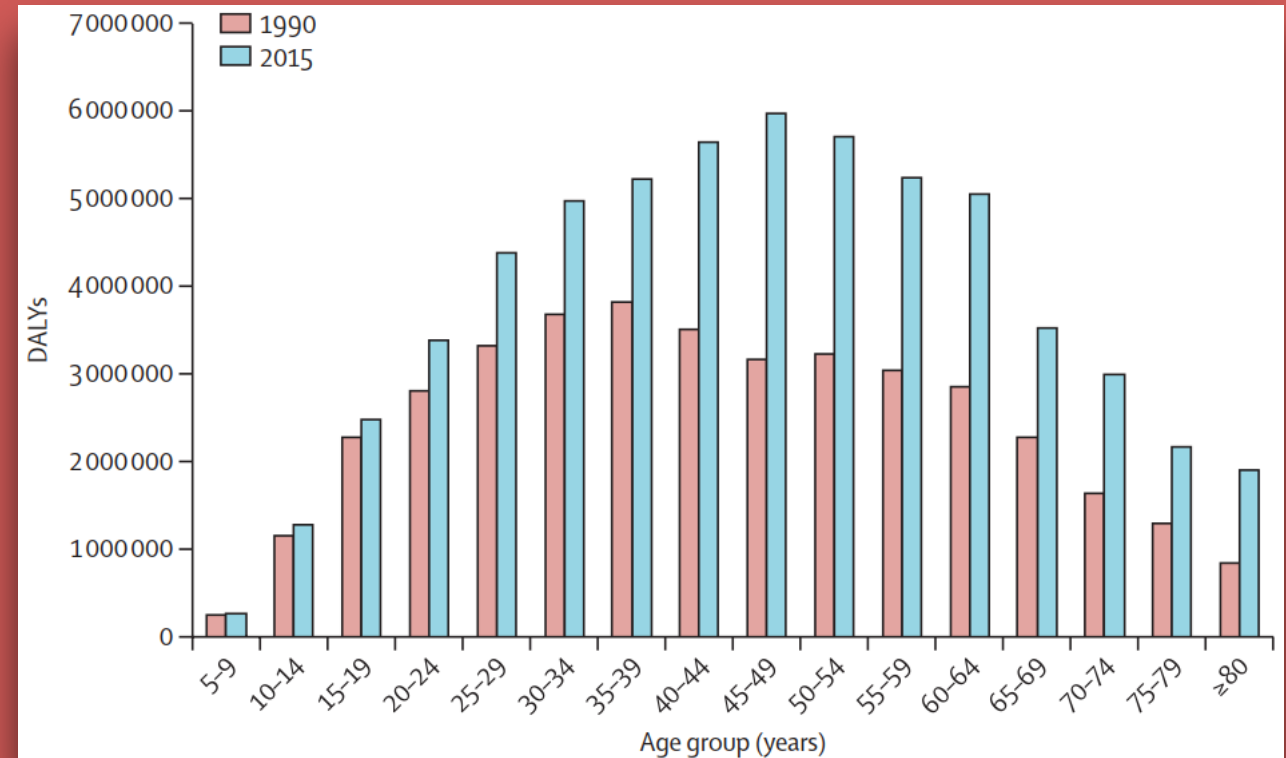
March 22nd, 2018 - 04:00 AEST

#lowbackpain

Disability increased by > 50% past 25 years

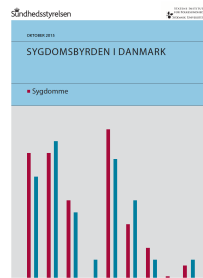
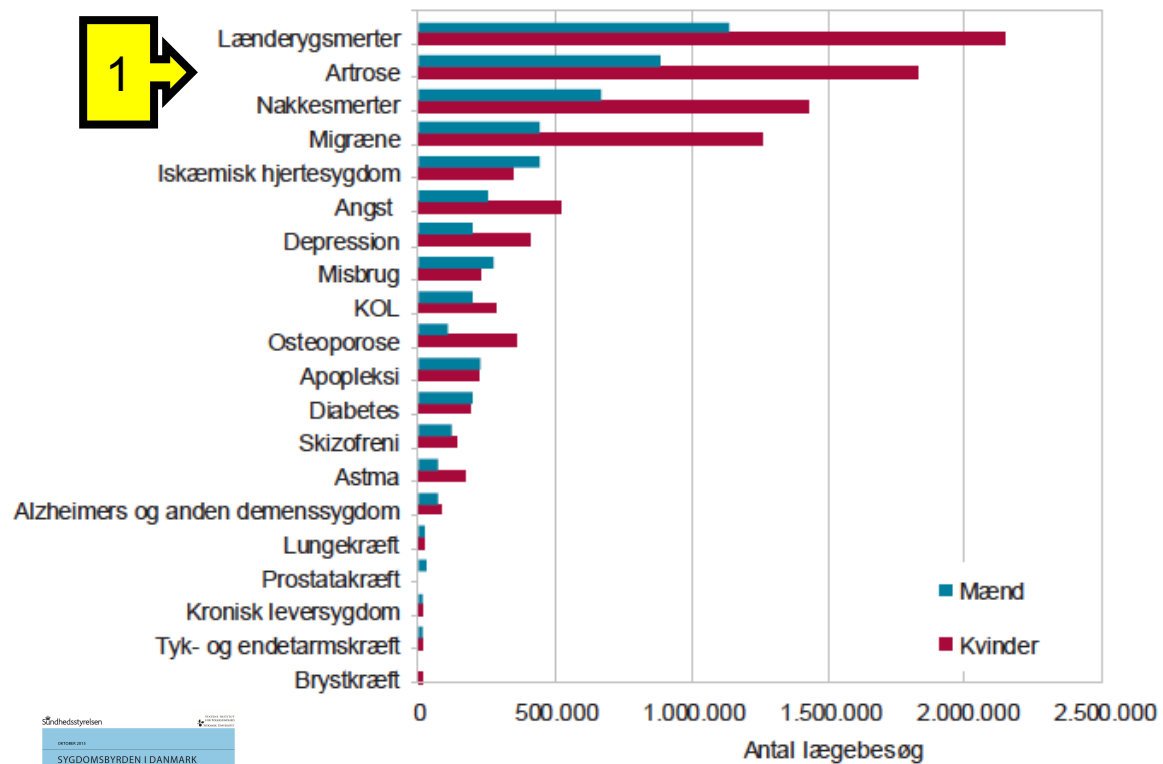


Prevalence

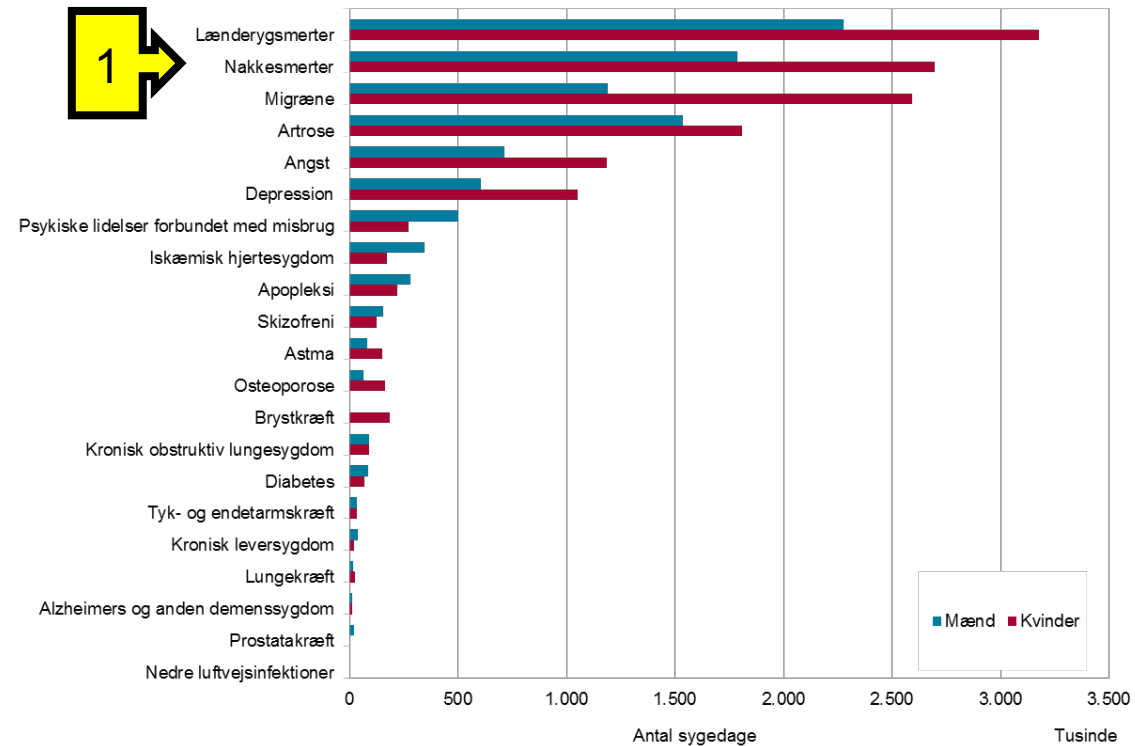


Disability

Konsultationer almen praksis



Antal sygedage



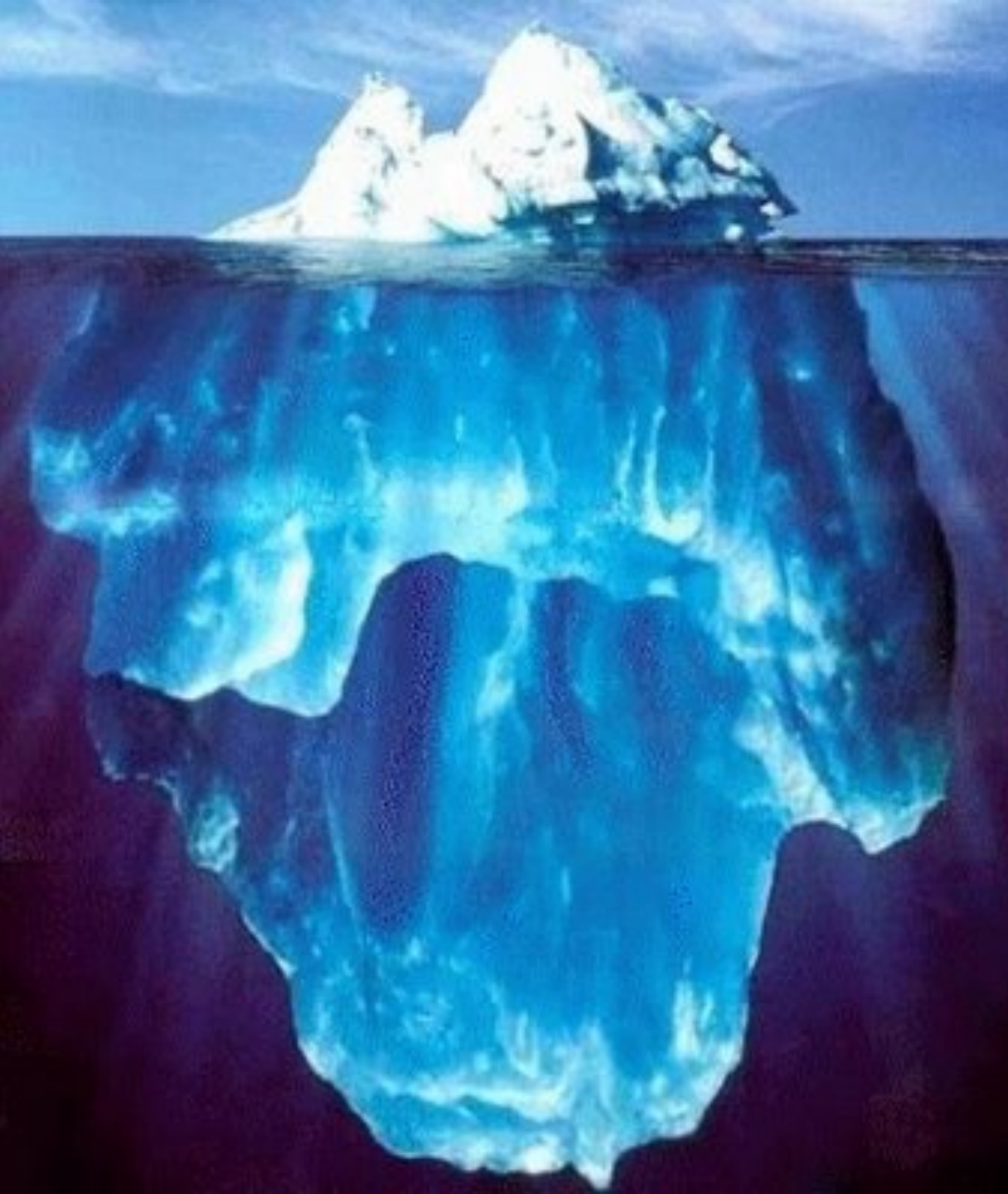
**Diagnosed arthritis
< 1,5 % of population**

Patients with muscle and joint pain
in primary care
15-30 % of population

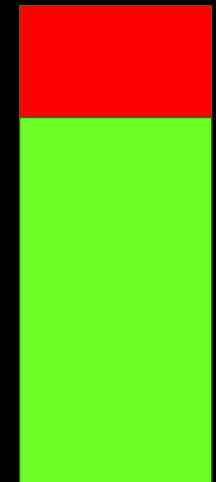
Workactive with frequent and recurrent
pain in one or more body regions
> 50% of population

Not everyone are patients all the
time but most are at some point in
their lives

Pain is often longlasting and often
recurs



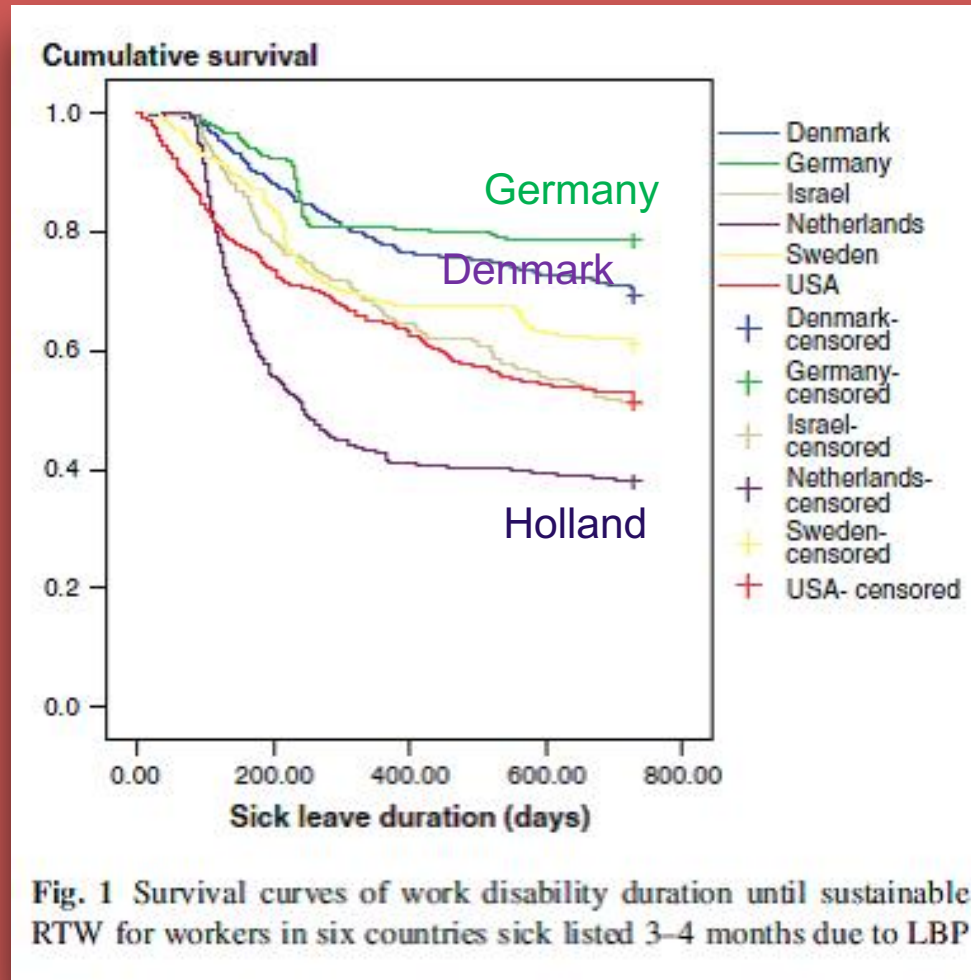
Absence from work



Presenteeism



Enormous difference between return to work rates in Europe!

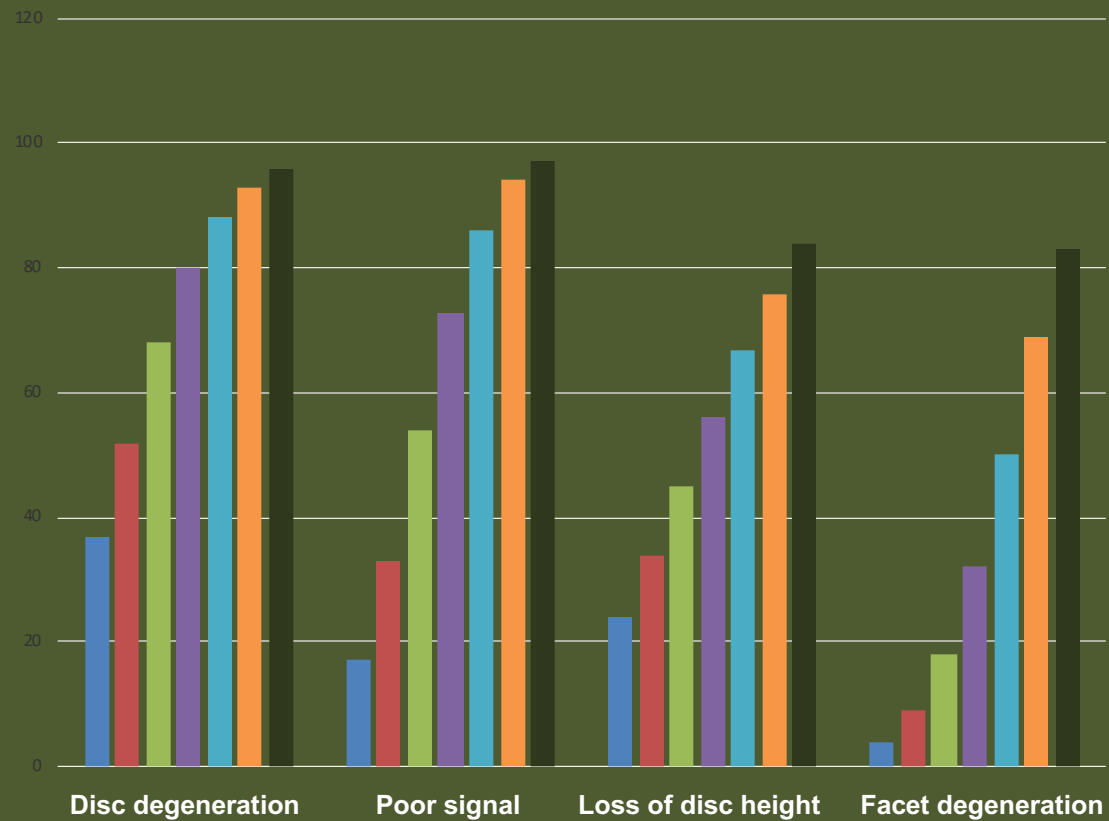


J Occup Rehabil (2009) 19:419–426
DOI 10.1007/s10926-009-9202-3

Can Cross Country Differences in Return-to-Work After Chronic Occupational Back Pain be Explained? An Exploratory Analysis on Disability Policies in a Six Country Cohort Study

J. R. Anema · A. J. M. Schellart · J. D. Cassidy ·
P. Loisel · T. J. Veerman · A. J. van der Beek

Diagnosis and LBP



Brinjikji AM J Neuroradiol 2015

Eur Spine J (2016) 25:1170–1187
DOI 10.1007/s00586-015-4195-4

REVIEW ARTICLE

Do MRI findings identify patients with low back pain or sciatica who respond better to particular interventions? A systematic review

Daniel Steffens^{1,2} · Mark J. Hancock³ · Leani S.M. Pereira² · Peter M. K. Jane Latimer¹ · Chris G. Maher¹

No

EJP

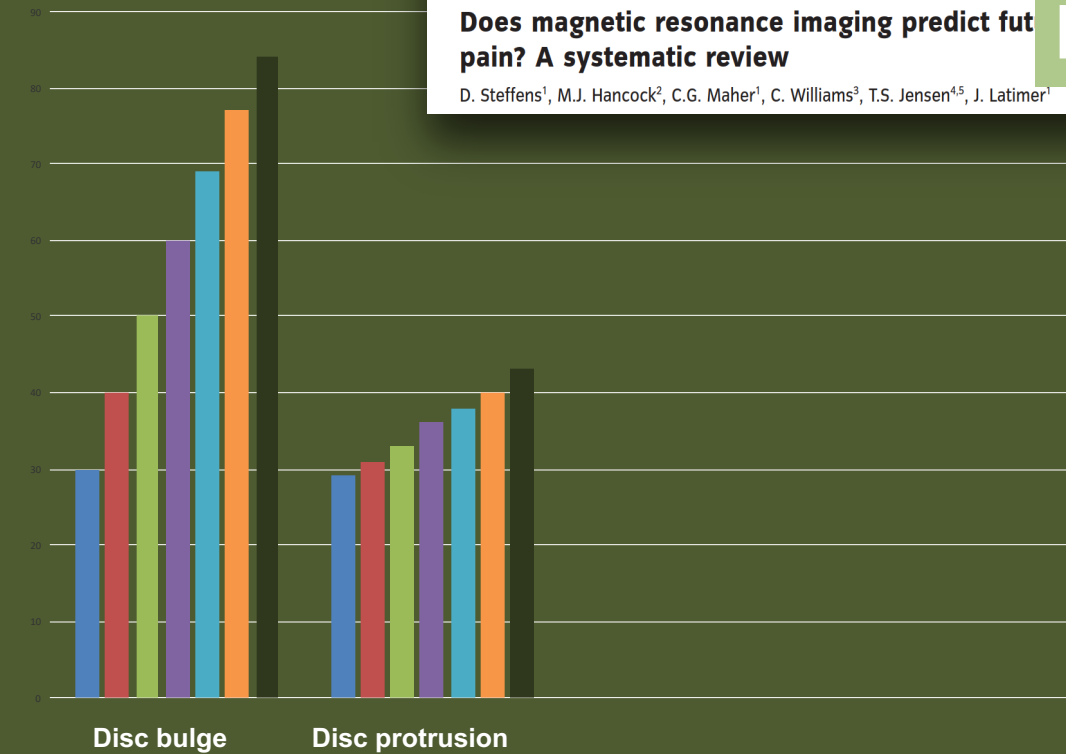
European Journal of Pain

REVIEW ARTICLE

Does magnetic resonance imaging predict future pain? A systematic review

D. Steffens¹, M.J. Hancock², C.G. Maher¹, C. Williams³, T.S. Jensen^{4,5}, J. Latimer¹

No



DEPARTMENT OF SPORTS SCIENCE AND CLINICAL
BIOMECHANICS

SDU

Diagnosis and LBP

As a clinician you want to find the small number with useful diagnoses



The problem of over-diagnosis and unnecessary, costly and harmful treatments and **keeping people of work**



Guideline message	In practice
Low back pain should be managed in primary care	Increasing presentations to emergency departments or medical specialist
Provide education and advice	Rarely provided
Remain active and stay at work	Many clinicians and patients advocate rest and absence from work
Only image if suspicious of a specific condition that would require different management	Although specific causes rare (<1% in high income countries), imaging rates are high
First choice of therapy should be non-pharmacological	Surveys of care show this approach usually not followed



Low back pain 2

Prevention and treatment of low back pain: evidence, challenges, and promising directions

Nadine E Foster, Johannes R Anema, Dan Chertin, Roger Chou, Steven P Cohen, Douglas P Gross, Paulo H Ferreira, Julie M Fritz, Bart W Koes, Wilco Peul, Judith A Turner, Chris G Maher, on behalf of the Lancet Low Back Pain Series Working Group*

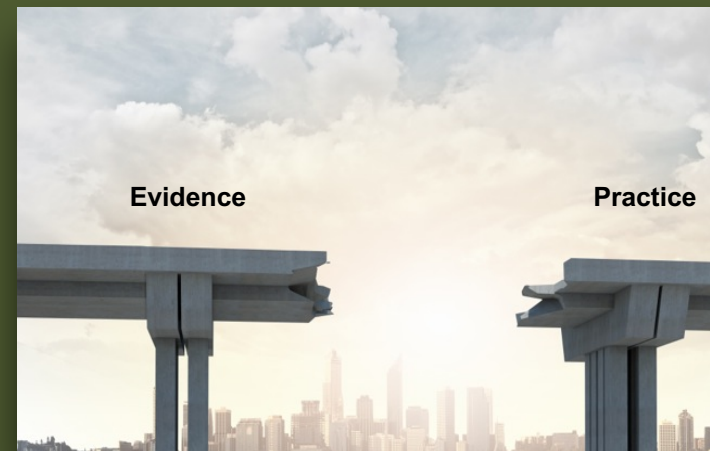
THE
LANCET

DEPARTMENT OF SPORTS SCIENCE AND CLINICAL
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Patient beliefs about back pain imaging (N=300)

	Strongly agree	Agree
'X-rays or scans are necessary to get the best medical care for low back pain'	31.3%	23.0%
'Everyone with low back pain should have spine imaging (e.g. X-ray, CT or MRI)'	30.3%	17.7%



General practitioner about back pain (N=3,831)

	Interest in low back pain, n=599	No interest n=3232
Patients with acute low back pain should be prescribed complete bed rest until the pain goes away	17.8%	9.2%
Patients should not return to work until they are almost pain free	24.5%	15.8%
X-rays of the lumbar spine are useful in the work up of patients with acute low back pain	40.8%	29.1%
Encouragement of physical activity is important in recovery	95.7%	97.2%



SPINE Volume 34, Number 11, pp 1218-1226
©2009, Lippincott Williams & Wilkins

Doctors With a Special Interest in Back Pain Have Poorer Knowledge About How to Treat Back Pain

Rachelle Buchbinder, PhD, FRACP,*† Margaret Staples, PhD,*† and Damien Jolley, MSc‡

Manager Experiences with the Return to Work Process in a Large, Publically Funded, Hospital Setting: Walking a Fine Line

Mette Jensen Stochkendahl¹ · Corrie Myburgh² · Amanda Ellen Young³ · Jan Hartvigsen^{1,2}

- **Koordinator og samarbejder**
- Dilemmaer vedrørende ”tilbage til arbejdet” politikker
- Retten til at være syg og fraværende
- Holde maskineriet i gang

Vanskeligt at kommunikere med egen læge:

”En enkelt gang havde jeg en ansat, som var gået til lægen, og hvor lægen sagde, at det ville være lettere, hvis vi talte sammen. Men det er usædvanligt. Og de er generelt ikke lette at tale med”

Flere udfyldte mulighedserklæringer og bad medarbejderen tage den med til lægen:

”Jeg tror ikke at lægerne er helt opdaterede. Altså i relation til at have et varieret syn på tingene, et varieret syn på, at man kan udføre forskellige opgaver, vi skal forklare det meget, meget udførligt..... vi skal virkelig pinde det ud for at få dem til at forstå det”

“You feel so hopeless”: A qualitative study of GP managers of acute back pain

Alan Breen ^{a,*}, Helen Austin ^b, Charles Campion-Smith ^c, Eloise Carr ^c, Eileen

“Lovely Pie in the Sky Plans”: A Qualitative Study of Clinicians’ Perspectives on Guidelines for Managing Low Back Pain in Primary Care in England

Felicity L. Bishop, PhD ^{a,1}, Alexandra L. Dima, PhD ^{a,1}, Jason Ngai, BM, ¹, Paul Little, FMedSci, ¹, Roma Moss-Morris, PhD ², Nadine E. Foster, DPhil ³, and Gregory T. Leath, MRCGP ¹



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Følelser:

”Det kan være meget frustrerende”; ”Et mareridt.....”;

”Jeg tror vi skal indse, at de behandlinger, vi har, er spild af tid”;

”Du føler dig håbløs”

Læge-patient forhold:

”Vi bliver meget fokuserede på, hvad vi ved, og vi formoder, at patienten ved det samme, og det gør de selvfølgelig ikke, og deres opfattelse af tingene kan være fuldstændig forskellig fra vores og er måske helt ude af trit med virkeligheden”

Tid:

”Du er heldig, hvis du har 10 minutter i konsultationen til at få en fuld sygehistorie og lave en ordentlig undersøgelse. Det er svært”

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Uenigheder:

”Nogle arbejdsgivere har en meget positiv attitude og vil gerne have medarbejderen tilbage i arbejde, men nogle af dem er håbløse, de har ikke noget imod at medarbejderen er sygemeldt, det er en dum holdning”

Ressourcer :

*”Ryg smerter er ikke sexede”;
”Jeg er opmærksom på, at der er guidelines, men at have dem foran mig og faktisk bruge dem, det har jeg ikke gjort”*

Uddannelse:

*”Det vil være nyttigt at vide, hvilke øvelser, der virker bedst”;
”Det kunne være godt at have lærende konsultationer i små grupper”*

Sundhedssystem:

”Retningslinjer er et luftkastan så længe de ikke bliver understøttet af systemet”

Randomised controlled trial of integrated care to reduce disability from chronic low back pain in working and private life

Ludeke C Lambeek, researcher;¹ Willem van Mechelen, professor;¹ Dirk L Knol, statistician;² Patrick Loisel, professor;³ Johannes R Anema, senior researcher¹

Effect of integrated care for sick listed patients with chronic low back pain: economic evaluation alongside a randomised controlled trial

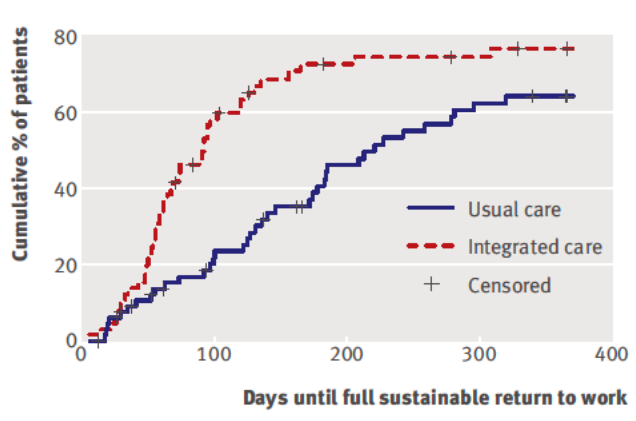
Ludeke C Lambeek, researcher;^{1,2} Judith E Bosmans, senior researcher;³ Barend J Van Royen, professor;^{4,5} Maurits W Van Tulder, professor;³ Willem Van Mechelen, professor;^{1,2,6} Johannes R Anema, professor^{1,2,6}

LBP > 12 uger
Henvist til hospital
Sygemeldte

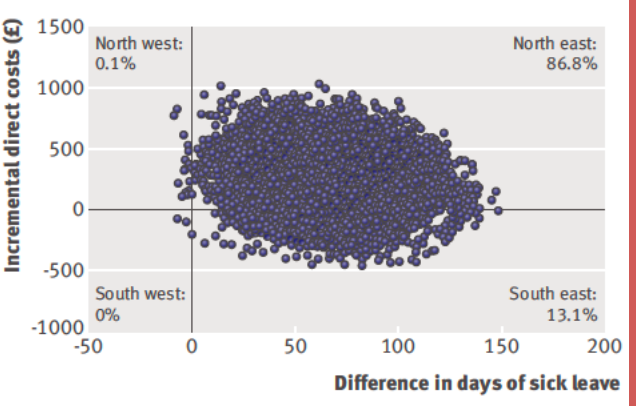
- Behandlingsplan fra arbejdsmedicinere der også koordinerede samarbejde mellem andre behandlere og arbejdsplads
- Tilpasninger på arbejdspladsen
- Gradvis tilbagevenden til arbejde

- Almindelig behandling
- Egen læge, speciallæge....
 - Fysioterapeut, kiropraktor...

12 uger eller indtil tilbage i arbejde



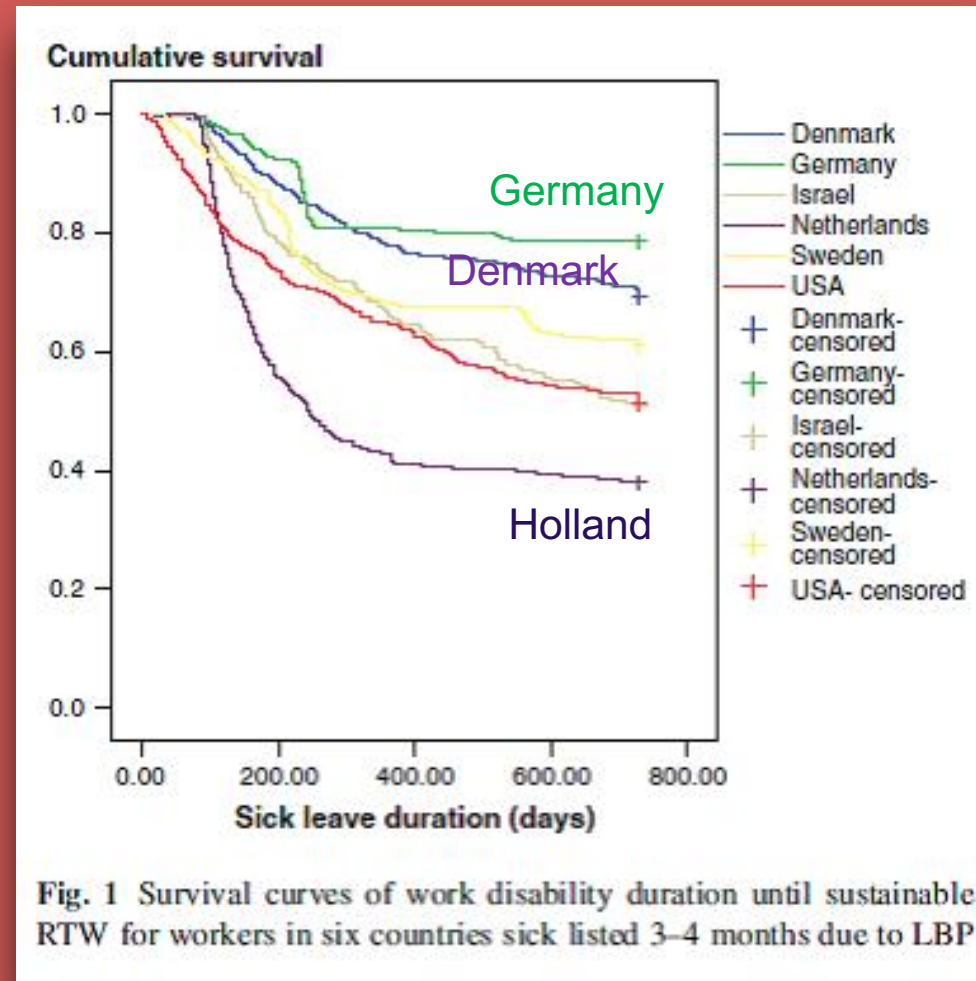
88 dage
208 dage



1 krone investeret
= 26 kroner sparet

Besparelse per sag
57.000 kr

Enormous difference between return to work rates in Europe!

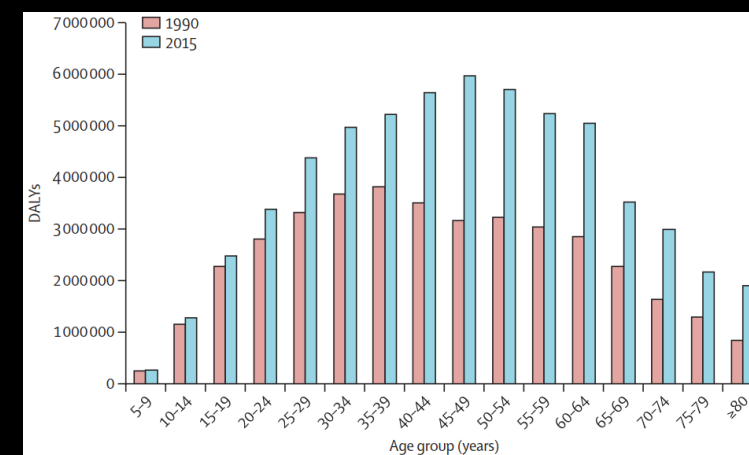


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- Smerter og sygdomme i muskel og led er den hyppigste årsag til sygefravær i Danmark
- Sundhedssystemet er ikke optimalt designet til at håndtere disse borgere
- Fejlagtige opfattelser af årsager, undersøgelser, behandlinger og adfærd er udbredte både blandt sundhedspersonale og blandt medarbejdere
- Der er dårlig sammenhæng mellem indsatserne på arbejdspladser og i sundhedssystemet
- Der er begyndende evidens for, at en bedre sammenhæng kan være effektiv og spare penge
- Der er behov for, at sundhedssystemet og indsatser på arbejdspladser bliver mere sammenhængende



Tak!

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